

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

*Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các câu sau trở thành chính xác.*

**Câu 1:** He never goes home before he will finish his work.

A B C D

**Câu 2:** Peter earned a large number of money last year.

A B C D

**Câu 3:** Mr. Smith is going to buy a new Japanese car, doesn't he?

A B C D

**Câu 4:** He has made a lot of mistakes in his writing because his carelessness.

A B C D

**Câu 5:** You have to study hard to keep pace in your classmates.

A B C D

*Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.*

**Câu 6:** The boy \_\_\_\_\_ eyes are brown is my friend.

A. which B. whom C. who D. whose

**Câu 7:** I'm learning English \_\_\_\_\_ I want to get a better job.

A. therefore B. but C. or D. because

**Câu 8:** If the weather \_\_\_\_\_ worse, we won't go to the beach.

A. got B. gets C. would get D. will get

**Câu 9:** Miss White sang very \_\_\_\_\_ at my birthday party last night.

A. beautifully B. beautiful C. beautify D. beauty

**Câu 10:** You can buy dairy \_\_\_\_\_ in this shop.

A. producers B. production C. productivity D. products

**Câu 11:** Hoi An is a famous tourist \_\_\_\_\_.

A. attracted B. attraction C. attractive D. attract

**Câu 12:** "Would you like to have \_\_\_\_\_ coffee?"

A. some B. many C. little D. few

**Câu 13:** I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ a car. I'm tired of catching the bus to work every day.

A. will have B. had had C. have D. had

**Câu 14:** My sister is very fond \_\_\_\_\_ eating chocolate candy.

A. at B. of C. with D. about

**Câu 15:** It's difficult to \_\_\_\_\_ what our lives would be like without music.

A. imagine B. remember C. see D. expect

**Câu 16:** Alice: "What shall we do this evening?"

Carol: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

A. No problem. B. Let's go out for dinner.

C. I went out for dinner. D. Oh, that's good!

**Câu 17:** Helen: "Congratulations!"

Jane: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. What a pity!      B. You are welcome.      C. I'm sorry.      D. Thank you.

**Câu 18:** Paul was \_\_\_\_\_ disappointed with his examination results that he was sad all week.

- A. so      B. such      C. too      D. enough

**Câu 19:** After drinking a big bottle of \_\_\_\_\_, he got drunk.

- A. liquor      B. orange juice      C. milk      D. water

**Câu 20:** I'm going to have my house \_\_\_\_\_ this weekend.

- A. redecorating      B. redecorates      C. redecorated      D. redecorate

**Câu 21:** She'll be a billionaire by the time she \_\_\_\_\_ forty.

- A. will be      B. was      C. is      D. is going to be

**Câu 22:** \_\_\_\_\_ I were you, I would take a taxi to the airport.

- A. If      B. Unless      C. Because      D. When

**Câu 23:** The teacher told his students \_\_\_\_\_ laughing.

- A. stopped      B. stopping      C. stop      D. to stop

**Câu 24:** Tom: "How did you get here?"

John: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Is it far from here?      B. The train is so crowded.  
C. I came here last night.      D. I came here by train.

**Câu 25:** By this time next year, my father \_\_\_\_\_ here for 25 years.

- A. will be working      B. will have been working  
C. are going to work      D. will work

**Câu 26:** Helen: "Where do you come from?"

Ann: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. In London      B. Yes, I have just come here  
C. I'm living in London      D. I come from London

**Câu 27:** \_\_\_\_\_ I came to see her yesterday, she was reading a magazine.

- A. While      B. When      C. Before      D. After

**Câu 28:** Linda: "Excuse me! Where's the post office?"

Maria: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'm afraid not      B. It's over there      C. Yes, I think so      D. Don't worry

**Câu 29:** When my father was young, he \_\_\_\_\_ get up early to do the gardening.

- A. was used to      B. got used to      C. use to      D. used to

**Câu 30:** He \_\_\_\_\_ in London at the moment.

- A. will study      B. has studied      C. studies      D. is studying

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 31 đến 35.**

A combination of water, salt, air pollution, sun, sand, and wind is destroying the huge statue just outside Cairo. This five-thousand-year-old statue, which has the body of a lion and the face of a human being, is too badly damaged to be completely saved. First, there is not a good drainage system around the statue and too much water has been running into the stone statue for several years. As a result, tiny pieces of salt have been left on the stone and have damaged it. Second, air pollution from the increasing amount of traffic in Cairo is also destroying the **ancient** statue. The air is so full of poisonous gases that it is damaging the statue even faster. Third, the statue is being destroyed by extremes of temperature. The air is very cold at night, but during the day the stone of the statue becomes very hot under the strong sunlight. Other natural forces such as severe sandstorms attack the statue as well. Finally, the tourists who visit the statue every day also cause a lot of damage to it.

**Câu 31:** Which of the following is NOT true about the statue?

- A. It is badly damaged.      B. Part of it looks like a person.  
C. It is in the centre of Cairo.      D. It is very big.

- Câu 32:** According to the passage, the statue was built \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. in the 10<sup>th</sup> century    B. 500 years ago    C. in the 5<sup>th</sup> century    D. 5,000 years ago
- Câu 33:** All of the following are mentioned as causes of damage to the statue EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. air pollution    B. temperature    C. fires    D. tourists
- Câu 34:** The word “**ancient**” in the passage mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. modern    B. very big    C. very old    D. beautiful
- Câu 35:** It can be inferred from the text that \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. human beings as well as nature cause much damage to the statue  
 B. there is little damage to the statue  
 C. tiny pieces of salt have been put on the statue to prevent damage  
 D. the statue was built for entertainment many years ago

**Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.**

- Câu 36:** A. headache    B. leader    C. instead    D. deafness
- Câu 37:** A. believed    B. rained    C. stopped    D. followed
- Câu 38:** A. this    B. there    C. those    D. think
- Câu 39:** A. crops    B. farmers    C. fields    D. vehicles
- Câu 40:** A. how    B. slow    C. power    D. town

**Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A, B, C, hoặc D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.**

- Câu 41:** Take your money with you \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. whenever you see any good souvenirs to buy  
 B. when you see any good souvenirs to buy  
 C. in case you see any good souvenirs to buy  
 D. if you see any good souvenirs to buy
- Câu 42:** Alexander Fleming, \_\_\_\_\_, received the Nobel Prize in 1945.
- A. who discovered penicillin    B. he discovered penicillin  
 C. that discovered penicillin    D. which discovered penicillin
- Câu 43:** The doctor advised Robert \_\_\_\_\_ to lose weight.
- A. that he should take more exercise in order that  
 B. to take more exercise if he wanted  
 C. to take more exercise so that he could  
 D. that he takes more exercise
- Câu 44:** When you arrived back at the hotel, \_\_\_\_\_?
- A. did you notice what time it was    B. were you noticing what time it was  
 C. did you notice what time was it    D. were you noticing what time was it
- Câu 45:** The road is \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. too slippery that we can't drive fast    B. too slippery for us to drive fast  
 C. so slippery that we drove fast    D. so slippery for us to drive fast

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 46 đến 50.**

There are a lot of things you should follow to be a welcome guest in America. When you are (46)\_\_\_\_\_ to have dinner at your friend's house, it's necessary to bring a small present. Flowers are always nice; or you may bring a bottle of (47)\_\_\_\_\_ if you know that your friend likes drinking.

You are expected to arrive for dinner on time or just a few minutes late. Don't get there early. If you are going to be more than fifteen minutes late, you should call and tell them.

Try to relax and enjoy yourself at the dinner table. If you don't know about choosing the (48)\_\_\_\_\_ fork or knife, just watch the other people, and follow them. If you still have no idea of (49)\_\_\_\_\_ to do, ask the person next to you.

When it comes to the food, if you like it, say so. They are looking forward to hearing your compliments. Of course, you will thank them for the meal and for their kindness. It is also a good idea to send a (50)\_\_\_\_\_ note the day after.

- Câu 46:** A. invited                      B. forced                      C. demanded                      D. made  
**Câu 47:** A. Coke                      B. lemonade                      C. wine                      D. juice  
**Câu 48:** A. right                      B. big                      C. main                      D. new  
**Câu 49:** A. where                      B. what                      C. why                      D. which  
**Câu 50:** A. welcome                      B. message                      C. thank-you                      D. goodbye

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