

TEST 1

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest in each group.

1. a. apologize b. absorb c. arrive d. absence
2. a. combine b. collect c. commerce d. correct
3. a. through b. enough c. rough d. tough
4. a. admiral b. adventure c. advertise d. adverb
5. a. aclub b. subtle c. climb d. doubt

Pick out the word that has the stress pattern different from that of the other words.

6. a. **a**. committee b. referee c. employee d. refugee
7. a. alcohol b. comment c. chemical d. proceed
8. a. appetite b. architect c. appreciate d. arable
9. a. **a**. deliberate b. subsequent c. frequently d. consequent
10. a. insight b. chemist c. dependent d. substance

Complete each sentence with the right form of the word in brackets by circling the corresponding letter a, b, c, or d.

11. He acted in an extremely (**dictate**) _____ manner, which made him very unpopular.
a. dictation c. dictate
b. dictatorial d. dictatorship
12. I had to look up the number in the telephone (**direction**) _____.
a. direction b. directly c. directory d. directors
13. Politicians (**variety**) _____ blame the media if they don't win the election. They're so predictable.
a. variable b. variety c. various d. invariably
14. This is very (**convenient**) _____! Can't you practice your violin somewhere else?
a. convenient c. inconvenient
b. conveniently d. convenience
15. I would like to show you my latest (**create**) _____ which I have called 'Boat on a Lake'.
a. creativity b. creator c. create d. creation
16. Why does everybody (**critic**) _____ him all the time?
a. criticize b. critic c. criticism d. critical
17. They're going to announce their (**decide**) _____ tomorrow.
a. decision b. indecisive c. decide d. decidedness
18. During the festival (**decorator**) _____ were hanging from every tree.
a. decorator c. decorative
b. decorations d. decorativeness
19. He offered to give me a (**demonstrate**) _____ of how the machine worked.
a. demonstrator c. demonstrate
b. demonstration d. demonstrative
20. We are (**independence**) _____ on other countries for most of our food.
a. dependent c. dependable
b. independence d. dependability

Read the passage and then decide which word (a, b, c or d) best fits each space.

The tourist industry is (21) **considered** to be the largest industry. Before 1950 one million people traveled abroad each year but by the 1900s the figure (22) **had risen** to 400 million every year.

(23) **Such** large numbers of tourists, however, are beginning to cause problems. For example, in the Alps the skiers are destroying the mountains they came to enjoy. Even parts of Mount Everest in the Himalayas are reported to be covered (24) **with** old tins, tents, and food that have been (25) **thrown away**

But at a time when we have (26) **greater** freedom to travel than ever before, more and more people are asking how they can enjoy their holidays (27) **without** causing problems by spoiling the countryside. Now there is a new holiday (28) **guide** called "*Holidays That Don't Cost The Earth*". It tells you (29) **how** you can help the tourist industry by asking your travel agent the right questions (30) **before** you go on holiday.

21. a. regarded **b.** considered c. seen d. figured
22. **a.** had risen b. rose c. has risen d. were rising
23. a. The b. Those c. These d. Such
24. a. by **b.** with c. under d. beneath
25. a. disposed b. littered **c.** thrown away d. launched
26. **a.** greater b. bigger c. larger d. better
27. a. apart from b. instead of **c.** without d. hardly
28. a. guidance **b.** guide c. direction d. instruction
29. a. where b. what c. when d. how
30. **a.** before b. when c. as soon as d. after

Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

31. I'm worried about _____ on so much work.
a. she taking b. she takes **c.** her taking d. her to take
32. He wanted to know where _____.
a. had I been **b.** I had been c. did I been d. I been going
33. Unlike most Europeans, many Americans _____ a bowl of cereal for breakfast every day.
a. used to eating c. are used to eat
b. are used to eating d. use to eat
34. They stayed for hours, _____ my mother was very annoyed about.
a. that **b.** which c. this d. whom
35. When friends insist on _____ expensive gifts, it makes most people uncomfortable.
a. them to accept **c.** their accepting
b. they accepting d. they accept
36. _____ English fluently, we should practice speaking it whenever possible.
a. In order to speak c. their accepting
b. In order speak d. they accept
37. As a general rule, the standard of living _____ by the average output of each person in society.
a. fixed b. has fixed **c.** is fixed d. fixes
38. She's finished the course, _____?
a. isn't she **b.** hasn't she c. doesn't she d. didn't she
39. The stolen painting was _____ a large sum of money.
a. worth b. valued c. cost d. priced
40. Although the weather is not so good, the match will _____.

- a. go about **b. go ahead** c. go over d. go along
41. The greater the demand, _____ the price.
a. the highest b. the high c. higher **d. the higher**
42. Many big cities are suffering from serious air pollution, _____ ?
a. don't they **b. aren't they** c. are they d. do they
43. The beach is always crowded at this time of the year. There _____ to put your towel down!
a. are no rooms **c. is no room**
b. are no room d. is room
44. The children's mother warned them _____ near the river.
a. not to go b. to not go c. not going d. don't go
45. If services are increased, taxes _____.
a. probably go up **c. will probably go up**
b. probably up d. going up probably
46. The boy refused to answer the policeman's question for fear that the man _____ arrested.
a. will be **b. would be** c. had been d. would have been
47. Jane _____ her parents that she wouldn't marry that rich man.
a. told to b. said **c. told** d. is telling
48. Only because she had to support her family _____ to leave school.
a. that Alice decides c. does Alice decide
b. did Alice decide d. Alice decided
49. The football match had to be _____ because of the bad weather.
a. put out **b. put off** c. putting off d. put up
50. Soon after I have finished my exam, I _____ for a holiday.
a. will go away b. would go c. go away d. went away

Choose the underlined part (a, b, c, or d) that is incorrect.

51. Your attendance at the meeting makes me feel very happy.
a b c d
52. Peter did a lot of sightsee when he was in Paris last summer.
a b c d
53. He is such a friend person. He greete me with a smile every
a b c
time I see him.
d
54. Your literary work is really a great successful.
a b c d
55. Her long blond hair and her cute facial expressions made a
a b c
deep impress on me.
d
56. Her absent from work without any permission made the boss
a b c
so angry that he threatened to sack her.
d
57. When a Vietnamese wants to work part-time in Australia, he
a b
needs to get a work permission.
c d

58. Vietnam is famous for many beautiful spots like Ha Long Bay,
a b c d

Sa Pa and Da Lat.

59. His interestingness in such a book really surprised me.
a b c d
60. Our neighbour is quite safe. There have not been many crimes recently.
a b c d

Read the passage and choose the best answer.

Champagne, the king of wines and wine of kings, tastes all the better when it is drunk from an elegant, fine-quality glass. That, however, is only one of thousands of ways glass is used today. And for all those different uses, many different types of glass are produced. Glass products are manufactured in different ways. Today, glass is blown by hand in the traditional way which the Roman first developed, but now this work is done by robots, too. Generally, in industry, much faster methods of mass production are needed. Often, for example, glass is pressed into the necessary shape by machine. Glass is shaped in other ways too. For example, it is made into long, very thin fibres. Fibres like these are required to make the fibre-optic cables that help to build the information Super-Highway around the world.

61. The phrase "the king of wines and wine of kings" means _____.
a. Champagne is the best wine of kings.
b. Champagne is the king that drinks lots of wine.
c. Champagne is the best wine and is made for kings.
d. Champagne is the best wine made by kings.
62. According to the passage, _____.
a. the only way glass is used today is for drinking wine.
b. today glass is used in one thousand different ways.
c. an elegant, fine-quality glass makes champagne taste better.
d. champagne is drunk in thousands of ways.
63. It can, be inferred from the passage that _____.
a. the traditional way of blowing glass by hand is still in use today.
b. today the blowing of glass is all done by robots.
c. the Romans first developed methods of mass production.
d. the traditional way is no longer in use today.
64. According to the passage, which of the following is correct?
a. Mass production of glass is done by robots.
b. Glass can be shaped in many different ways.
c. In industry glass is often shaped by machine.
d. Both B and C.
65. The passage primarily discusses
a. champagne, a kind of wine. b. the uses of glass.
c. the types of glass products. **d. the ways of making glass.**

Arrange the following sentences in a logical order. Identify your answer by circling the corresponding letters.

66. *used / tea / my / to / drink / parents / after / dinner.*
a. My parents used to drink tea after dinner.
b. My parents used to drink after dinner tea.
c. My parents used to dinner after drink tea.
d. My parents used to drink dinner tea after.
67. *things / do / this / got / we / many / to / have / Sunday.*

- a. We have got this Sunday do many things to.
 b. We have got this Sunday many things to do.
 c. We have got many things to do this Sunday.
 d. We have got many things this Sunday to do.
68. their / airport / to / do / will / they / go / meet / tomorrow / the / son /.
 a. They will go to meet their son to the airport tomorrow.
 b. They will go to meet their son tomorrow to the airport.
 c. They will go to the "airport to meet their son tomorrow.
 d. They will go tomorrow to the airport to meet their son.
69. weather / place / camping / in / for / fine / a / is / good / Hyde Park /.
 a. Hyde Park is a good place in fine weather for camping.
 b. Hyde Park is a good place for camping in fine weather.
 c. Hyde Park is for camping a good place in fine weather.
 d. Hyde Park is in fine weather a good place for camping.
70. enough / milk / do / have / for / sugar / you / the /
 a. Do you have enough sugar for the milk?
 b. Do you have sugar enough for the milk?
 c. Do you have sugar for the enough milk?
 d. Do you have the enough sugar for mill?

Which phrase or sentence is the best TO CORRECT the underlined part:

71. The group called the Teton Sioux inhabits parts of North and South Dakota; their language and customs differ, however, from the Yankton, Sisseton, and Dakota Sioux.
 a. their language and customs differ, however, from
 b. its language and customs differ, however, from
 c. however, they have different language and customs than
 d. however, their language and customs differ from those of
 e. **its language and customs differ, however, from those of**
72. Under the new corporate insurance policy, when an employer is charged for damages to a third party wholly or largely as a result of actions by an employee, he is entitled to recoup the amount of the damages.
 a. he is entitled to recoup b. **the employer is entitled to recoup**
 c. he or she is entitled to recoup d. he is entitled to recoup for
 e. the employer is entitled to recoup for
73. The work of mathematician Roger Penrose in the early 1970s, on the geometry of what are called aperiodic tiles, turned out to describe the architecture of a previously unknown class of crystals.
 a. **what are called aperiodic tiles, turned out to describe**
 b. what is called aperiodic tiles, describes
 c. aperiodic tiles, describing
 d. so-called aperiodic tiles, describe
 e. aperiodic tiles, it turned out to describe
74. There are more than forty newspapers published in the cities of Kerala, a state on the Malabar Coast, which reflects the fact that Keralans are by far India's most literate citizens.

- a. which reflects b. **and that number reflects** c. which reflect
 d. that number reflects e. that reflects

75. Balzac drank more than fifty cups of coffee a day and died of caffeine poisoning; furthermore, caffeine did not seem to bother Samuel Johnson, the great writer and lexicographer, who was reported to have drunk twenty-five cups of tea at one sitting.
 a. furthermore, caffeine did not seem to bother
 b. **however, caffeine did not seem to bother**
 c. however, caffeine did not seem to have bothered
 d. in addition, caffeine did not seem to bother
76. In British English 'a note' is not _____
 a. **A mark in an exam.** b. A mark on a music score.
 c. A piece of paper with some words on it.
 d. Writing something down so you remember it
77. British English we say 'to queue', in American English they say 'wait _____'
 a. **in line** b. in a row c. in a crowd d. in a string
78. In American English the 'fall' refers to which season?
 a. Spring b. summer c. **autumn** d. winter
79. In British English it's 'a tap', but in the States they say _____
 a. drapes b. **a faucet** c. garbage d. a diaper
80. In British English it's 'a puncture' or 'flat tyre', but in US English it's _____
 a. a blow up b. a blow down c. **a blow out** d. a blow
81. I cannot understand why she did that, it really doesn't add up.
 a. doesn't calculate c. **doesn't make sense**
 b. isn't mathematics d. makes the wrong addition
82. the students got high marks in the test but Mary stood out.
 a. got a lot of marks b. got very good marks
 c. got higher marks than someone d. **got the most marks of all**
83. He has sold his house and has no job and so now he has next to nothing.
 a. he is unemployed b. he has a few things
 c. **he has almost no money** d. he has nothing at all
84. As a newspaper reporter she always wanted to get information at first hand.
 (a) quickly (b) slowly (c) easily (d) **directly**
85. I think we can safely say now that we have got our money back, we are home and dry.
 (a) have not got wet (c) **have been successful**
 (b) have got no water (d) have got home dry