

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Xác định từ/cụm từ có gạch dưới (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cần phải sửa để những câu sau trở thành chính xác.

Câu 1: They asked me what did happen last night, but I was unable to tell them.

A B C D

Câu 2: She is tired with being asked the same thing everyday.

A B C D

Câu 3: People are not allowed to enter the park after midnight because lack of security.

A B C D

Câu 4: John's mother thought that chocolates were bad to him.

A B C D

Câu 5: I'd rather to stay at home than go out at weekends.

A B C D

Chọn từ/cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

Câu 6: Jack insisted that he didn't need any help, _____ I helped him anyway.

A. however B. but C. besides D. so

Câu 7: My parents first _____ each other at the Olympic Games in 1982.

A. met B. meet C. have met D. had meet

Câu 8: Hung: "Thank you very much for a lovely party."

Hoa: "_____."

A. Have a good day B. Thanks C. You are welcome D. Cheers

Câu 9: She failed the test, _____ she studied hard.

A. although B. in spite of C. as D. despite

Câu 10: Up to now, I _____ a lot of information about her.

A. would learn B. learnt C. have learnt D. will learn

Câu 11: I knew they were talking about me _____ they stopped when I entered the room.

A. despite B. therefore C. so that D. because

Câu 12: She has worked as a secretary _____ she graduated from college.

A. before B. until C. while D. since

Câu 13: Dien Bien Phu is the place _____ our army won a resounding victory in 1954.

A. where B. what C. which D. that

Câu 14: The students in this class were made _____ very hard.

A. learning B. having learnt C. to learn D. learn

Câu 15: The weather was terrible. I wish it _____ warmer.

A. were B. was C. has been D. had been

Câu 16: Glass is usually _____ sand.

A. made of B. made from C. made by D. made with

Câu 17: The old man is said _____ all his money to an old people's home when he died.

A. to leave B. to leaving C. have left D. to have left

Câu 18: His pronunciation causes me a lot of _____.

A. difficulty B. difficult C. difficulties D. difficultly

Câu 19: Wait here until I _____ you.

A. am going to call B. will call C. am calling D. call

- Câu 20:** My uncle _____ you met yesterday is a lawyer.
 A. what B. whom C. whose D. which
- Câu 21:** Neither you nor I _____ responsible for the bad result.
 A. are B. is C. am D. be
- Câu 22:** They worked hard _____ they could pass the final examination.
 A. because B. in case C. since D. so that
- Câu 23:** Don't waste time _____ that broken vase.
 A. for mending B. mending C. mend D. to mend
- Câu 24:** He had no _____ of selling the clock - it had belonged to his grandfather.
 A. intention B. interest C. meaning D. intend
- Câu 25:** I regret _____ you that your application has been denied.
 A. to inform B. to have informed C. informing D. inform
- Câu 26:** If I had time, I _____ to the beach with you this weekend.
 A. would go B. will go C. would have gone D. will have gone
- Câu 27:** Jim is five centimeters _____ than Tom.
 A. tallest B. higher C. taller D. tall
- Câu 28:** The sick man still finds it _____ to stand without support.
 A. discomfort B. uncomfortable C. comforting D. comfortable
- Câu 29:** How _____ is your father?
 A. alive B. high C. tall D. single
- Câu 30:** When I came to visit her last night, she _____ a bath.
 A. was having B. has C. is having D. had

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 31 đến 35.

It is very important to have healthy teeth. Good teeth help us to chew our food. They also help us to look nice. How does a tooth go bad? The decay begins in a little crack in the enamel covering of the tooth. This happens after germs and bits of food have collected there. Then the decay slowly spreads inside the tooth. Eventually, poison goes into the blood, and we may feel quite ill.

How can we keep our teeth healthy? Firstly, we ought to visit our dentist twice a year. He can fill the small holes in our teeth before they destroy the teeth. He can examine our teeth to check that they are growing in the right way. Unfortunately, many people wait until they have toothache before they see a dentist. Secondly, we should brush our teeth with a toothbrush and fluoride toothpaste at least twice a day - once after breakfast and once before we go to bed. We can also use wooden toothpicks to clean between our teeth after a meal. Thirdly, we should eat food that is good for our teeth and our body: milk, cheese, fish, brown bread, potatoes, red rice, raw vegetables and fresh fruit. Chocolates, sweets, biscuits and cakes are bad, especially when we eat them between meals. They are harmful because they stick to our teeth and cause decay.

- Câu 31:** Good teeth mainly help us to _____.
 A. look nice B. chew our food C. have good eyesight D. look important
- Câu 32:** When food and germs collect in a small crack, our teeth _____.
 A. become hard B. send poison into the blood
 C. make us feel quite ill D. begin to decay
- Câu 33:** A lot of people do not visit a dentist until _____.
 A. their teeth grow properly B. they have brushed their teeth
 C. they have holes in their teeth D. they have toothache
- Câu 34:** What may be most harmful to our teeth?
 A. red rice B. raw vegetables C. fresh fruit D. sweet things
- Câu 35:** The best title for the passage would be _____.
 A. "How to keep our teeth healthy" B. "How to keep our teeth ever white"
 C. "How to make our teeth nicer" D. "How to clean our teeth"

Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 36:** _____ that no one would ask for tips.

A. The tourists found it strange

C. The tourists found strange

B. The tourist were strange to find

D. It found strange tourists

Câu 37: We lived in that _____ on the corner.

A. brick small old house

C. house brick small old

B. old house brick small

D. small old brick house

Câu 38: He took his seat quietly _____.

A. in order for him not to disturb their conversation

B. in order not disturb their conversation

C. so as to disturb their conversation

D. so as not to disturb their conversation

Câu 39: If I had enough money, _____.

A. I will buy that house

C. I am buy that house

B. I could buy that house

D. I can buy that house

Câu 40: Dr Sales is the person _____.

A. in whom I don't have much confidence

C. in that I don't have much confidence

B. I don't have much confidence

D. whom I don't have much confidence in him

Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

Câu 41: A. sign

B. light

C. lift

D. might

Câu 42: A. business

B. summer

C. sunrise

D. shut

Câu 43: A. chair

B. chemist

C. child

D. cheap

Câu 44: A. chosen

B. grove

C. cover

D. golden

Câu 45: A. women

B. lose

C. prove

D. movie

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 46 đến 50.

The world's first film was shown in 1895 by two French brothers. Although it only (46)_____ of short, simple scenes, people loved it, and films have been popular ever since. The first films were silent, with titles on the screen to explain the story.

Soon the public had (47)_____ favourite actors and actresses and, in this way, the first film stars appeared. In 1927, the first "talkie", a film with sound, was shown and from then on, the public would only accept this kind of film.

Further improvements continued, particularly in America, (48)_____ most of the world's films were produced. With the arrival of television in the 1950s, (49) _____ people went to see films, but in recent years cinema audiences have grown again. More countries have started to produce films that influence film making and there are currently (50)_____ national film industries.

Câu 46: A. consisted

B. belonged

C. considered

D. held

Câu 47: A. their

B. our

C. his

D. your

Câu 48: A. who

B. where

C. when

D. which

Câu 49: A. other

B. any

C. each

D. fewer

Câu 50: A. lots

B. much

C. many

D. plenty

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