

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

*Chọn từ/cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.*

- Câu 1:** I knew they were talking about me \_\_\_\_\_ they stopped when I entered the room.  
A. despite                      B. so that                      C. because                      D. therefore
- Câu 2:** She has worked as a secretary \_\_\_\_\_ she graduated from college.  
A. while                      B. since                      C. until                      D. before
- Câu 3:** He had no \_\_\_\_\_ of selling the clock - it had belonged to his grandfather.  
A. intention                      B. meaning                      C. intend                      D. interest
- Câu 4:** Glass is usually \_\_\_\_\_ sand.  
A. made of                      B. made from                      C. made by                      D. made with
- Câu 5:** The weather was terrible. I wish it \_\_\_\_\_ warmer.  
A. has been                      B. had been                      C. were                      D. was
- Câu 6:** His pronunciation causes me a lot of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. difficult                      B. difficulty                      C. difficulties                      D. difficultly
- Câu 7:** Up to now, I \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of information about her.  
A. will learn                      B. would learn                      C. have learnt                      D. learnt
- Câu 8:** The sick man still finds it \_\_\_\_\_ to stand without support.  
A. uncomfortable                      B. discomfort                      C. comfortable                      D. comforting
- Câu 9:** Dien Bien Phu is the place \_\_\_\_\_ our army won a resounding victory in 1954.  
A. where                      B. what                      C. that                      D. which
- Câu 10:** I regret \_\_\_\_\_ you that your application has been denied.  
A. to inform                      B. to have informed                      C. informing                      D. inform
- Câu 11:** My parents first \_\_\_\_\_ each other at the Olympic Games in 1982.  
A. had meet                      B. have met                      C. meet                      D. met
- Câu 12:** When I came to visit her last night, she \_\_\_\_\_ a bath.  
A. has                      B. had                      C. is having                      D. was having
- Câu 13:** Jim is five centimeters \_\_\_\_\_ than Tom.  
A. tallest                      B. higher                      C. tall                      D. taller
- Câu 14:** The old man is said \_\_\_\_\_ all his money to an old people's home when he died.  
A. to leaving                      B. to have left                      C. have left                      D. to leave
- Câu 15:** Jack insisted that he didn't need any help, \_\_\_\_\_ I helped him anyway.  
A. however                      B. besides                      C. but                      D. so
- Câu 16:** How \_\_\_\_\_ is your father?  
A. single                      B. high                      C. tall                      D. alive
- Câu 17:** Wait here until I \_\_\_\_\_ you.  
A. am calling                      B. am going to call                      C. call                      D. will call
- Câu 18:** Don't waste time \_\_\_\_\_ that broken vase.  
A. for mending                      B. to mend                      C. mend                      D. mending
- Câu 19:** She failed the test, \_\_\_\_\_ she studied hard.  
A. as                      B. in spite of                      C. despite                      D. although
- Câu 20:** If I had time, I \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach with you this weekend.  
A. will have gone                      B. would go                      C. will go                      D. would have gone
- Câu 21:** My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ you met yesterday is a lawyer.  
A. what                      B. whose                      C. which                      D. whom
- Câu 22:** The students in this class were made \_\_\_\_\_ very hard.

A. learn                      B. learning                      C. to learn                      D. having learnt

**Câu 23:** They worked hard \_\_\_\_\_ they could pass the final examination.

A. because                      B. in case                      C. so that                      D. since

**Câu 24:** Hung: "Thank you very much for a lovely party."

Hoa: "\_\_\_\_\_."

A. Cheers                      B. Have a good day                      C. Thanks                      D. You are welcome

**Câu 25:** Neither you nor I \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the bad result.

A. am                      B. be                      C. is                      D. are

**Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.**

**Câu 26:** A. sunrise                      B. business                      C. summer                      D. shut

**Câu 27:** A. lift                      B. might                      C. light                      D. sign

**Câu 28:** A. cover                      B. grove                      C. chosen                      D. golden

**Câu 29:** A. movie                      B. lose                      C. women                      D. prove

**Câu 30:** A. child                      B. cheap                      C. chair                      D. chemist

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 31 đến 35.**

It is very important to have healthy teeth. Good teeth help us to chew our food. They also help us to look nice. How does a tooth go bad? The decay begins in a little crack in the enamel covering of the tooth. This happens after germs and bits of food have collected there. Then the decay slowly spreads inside the tooth. Eventually, poison goes into the blood, and we may feel quite ill.

How can we keep our teeth healthy? Firstly, we ought to visit our dentist twice a year. He can fill the small holes in our teeth before they destroy the teeth. He can examine our teeth to check that they are growing in the right way. Unfortunately, many people wait until they have toothache before they see a dentist. Secondly, we should brush our teeth with a toothbrush and fluoride toothpaste at least twice a day - once after breakfast and once before we go to bed. We can also use wooden toothpicks to clean between our teeth after a meal. Thirdly, we should eat food that is good for our teeth and our body: milk, cheese, fish, brown bread, potatoes, red rice, raw vegetables and fresh fruit. Chocolates, sweets, biscuits and cakes are bad, especially when we eat them between meals. They are harmful because they stick to our teeth and cause decay.

**Câu 31:** Good teeth mainly help us to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. look nice                      B. have good eyesight                      C. look important                      D. chew our food

**Câu 32:** When food and germs collect in a small crack, our teeth \_\_\_\_\_.

A. send poison into the blood                      B. begin to decay  
C. make us feel quite ill                      D. become hard

**Câu 33:** A lot of people do not visit a dentist until \_\_\_\_\_.

A. they have toothache                      B. they have holes in their teeth  
C. they have brushed their teeth                      D. their teeth grow properly

**Câu 34:** What may be most harmful to our teeth?

A. raw vegetables                      B. fresh fruit                      C. sweet things                      D. red rice

**Câu 35:** The best title for the passage would be \_\_\_\_\_.

A. "How to keep our teeth healthy"                      B. "How to make our teeth nicer"  
C. "How to clean our teeth"                      D. "How to keep our teeth ever white"

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 36 đến 40.**

The world's first film was shown in 1895 by two French brothers. Although it only (36)\_\_\_\_\_ of short, simple scenes, people loved it, and films have been popular ever since. The first films were silent, with titles on the screen to explain the story.

Soon the public had (37)\_\_\_\_\_ favourite actors and actresses and, in this way, the first film stars appeared. In 1927, the first "talkie", a film with sound, was shown and from then on, the public would only accept this kind of film.

