

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch chân cần phải sửa trong các câu sau:

Câu 1: Every discount store advertises that their products are cheaper than its competitors'.

A B C D

Câu 2: HoChiMinh City, that has the biggest population, is also the largest city in my country.

A B C D

Câu 3: I will intend to go back home when I finish my education.

A B C D

Câu 4: The phone rung while I was washing the dishes.

A B C D

Câu 5: Henry's friends told themselves to put his coat on the rack in their hall.

A B C D

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với câu có nghĩa gần nhất với mỗi câu cho sẵn dưới đây:

Câu 6: If you do the washing up, I'll cook lunch.

- A. You do the washing up and I'll cook lunch. B. I can't do the washing up but I'll cook lunch.
C. If you don't do anything, I won't, either. D. If you can't cook, you can do the washing up.

Câu 7: We had nothing to eat but bananas.

- A. We ate everything but not bananas. B. We didn't eat anything even bananas.
C. Bananas were all we had to eat. D. Nothing to eat was better than bananas.

Câu 8: John doesn't play tennis. David doesn't play tennis.

- A. Both John and David doesn't play tennis.
B. Neither John nor David plays tennis.
C. Not either John or David plays tennis.
D. Not only John but also David doesn't play tennis.

Câu 9: The coach said, "It's time for you to go home, boys!"

- A. The coach told the boys that it was time for you to go home.
B. The coach tells the boys that it was time for them to go home.
C. The coach told the boys that it is time for them to go home.
D. The coach told the boys that it was time for them to go home.

Câu 10: A small church lies at the foot of the hill.

- A. At the foot of the hill a small church lie. B. At the foot of the hill does a small church lies.
C. At the foot of the hill lies a small church. D. At the foot of the hill does lie a small church.

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ gạch chân có cách phát âm khác với ba từ còn lại trong mỗi câu:

Câu 11:

- A. loudly B. without C. thousand D. brought

Câu 12:

- A. look B. blood C. good D. foot

Câu 13:

- A. bill B. child C. wild D. mind

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ có trọng âm chính nhấn vào âm tiết có vị trí khác với ba từ còn lại trong mỗi câu:

Câu 14:

- A. product B. postpone C. postcard D. purpose

Câu 15:

- A. comfortable B. accomplished C. secretary D. necessary

Chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau:

- Câu 16:** Don't ask me anything about sports. I like _____ football _____ tennis.
 A. neither / nor B. both / and C. not only/ but also D. either / or
- Câu 17:** _____ Long has finished his work, he will go home.
 A. As quickly as B. As far as C. As soon as D. As long as
- Câu 18:** It is raining outside, and Tom brought his umbrella with him _____ he wouldn't get wet.
 A. so as to B. in order C. so that D. in order to
- Câu 19:** Everyone was asleep when the enemy _____.
 A. was attacking B. attacked C. had attacked D. attacking
- Câu 20:** Mr Gibbon usually drinks mineral water, but in this party he _____ champagne.
 A. drinks B. will drink C. has drunk D. is drinking
- Câu 21:** He talked as if he _____ where she was.
 A. knew B. had known C. would know D. were knowing
- Câu 22:** Jack can speak two languages. One is English. _____ is Vietnamese.
 A. Other B. The other C. Another D. Others
- Câu 23:** I gave up the job, _____ the attractive salary.
 A. because B. because of C. although D. despite
- Câu 24:** Life here is very _____.
 A. peace B. peacefully C. peaceful D. peacefulness
- Câu 25:** Dogs are good traveling companions. They will go _____ you take them.
 A. whichever B. wherever C. whatever D. whenever
- Câu 26:** All of us are waiting the man _____ son was lost.
 A. who B. which C. whom D. whose
- Câu 27:** _____ the old man spoke very slowly and clearly, I couldn't understand him at all.
 A. If B. Because C. Since D. Although
- Câu 28:** The old manager has just retired, so Jack takes _____ his position.
 A. on B. out C. in D. up
- Câu 29:** My daughter often says that she won't get married until she _____ 25 years old.
 A. is B. will be C. will have been D. has been
- Câu 30:** Ken asked Barbara _____ she would like to go to the cinema.
 A. unless B. in case C. regarding D. whether
- Câu 31:** My father asked me _____ of the film.
 A. what do you think B. what I think C. what did you think D. what I thought
- Câu 32:** Her eyes were red and puffy _____ she had been crying a lot last night.
 A. even if B. since C. because of D. despite
- Câu 33:** _____ quarrelled with her boyfriend yesterday, she doesn't want to answer his phone call.
 A. Having B. Because having C. Because hadn't D. Having not
- Câu 34:** He keeps working _____ feeling unwell.
 A. although B. because of C. in spite of D. unless
- Câu 35:** Please don't be so _____ I can't do all the work by myself.
 A. reason B. reasonable C. unreasonable D. reasonably
- Câu 36:** Your last job was a bank manager, _____ it?
 A. isn't B. doesn't C. didn't D. wasn't
- Câu 37:** The girl _____ is our neighbor.
 A. talks to the lady over there B. is talking to the lady over there
 C. was talking to the lady over there D. talking to the lady over there
- Câu 38:** Children will work hard if the lessons are _____.
 A. expressing B. inquiring C. disappointing D. interesting
- Câu 39:** Lomonosov was not _____ a great scientist but also a very talented poet.
 A. merely B. scarcely C. fairly D. hardly
- Câu 40:** The manager did not offer her the job because of her untidy _____.
 A. sight B. view C. presence D. appearance

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 41 đến 45

TELEVISION

Here in Egypt, television has a powerful hold over people's minds. It is an instrument of leisure, of information and - to a very limited extent - of culture. It does not stop people reading newspapers or books, going to the cinema or theatre or watching videos. But these activities are occasional, irregular and ultimately of secondary importance. Television is one of the main subjects of conversation, at school, in offices, at home and in the street, as well as being written about in all the newspapers.

It might be said that the main objective of television is to persuade the maximum number of people to watch it for the maximum amount of time. And how effectively the sitcoms and soap operas do that! I do not think that I have ever seen any other country so totally dominated by these shows. Some of them are Egyptian productions but the majority is American. Each episode, each programme, is a talking point for everyone, young and old alike.

Câu 41: Which is the main idea of the passage?

- A. Television, an instrument of leisure.
- B. Television, the rest of the media and American soaps.
- C. Television, the main subjects of conversation.
- D. Television and its use.

Câu 42: What does television have over people's mind?

- A. An impression.
- B. A picture.
- C. An influence.
- D. A limit.

Câu 43: At school or in offices, television is considered as a topic _____.

- A. for people to talk about
- B. for entertainment
- C. for learning
- D. for discussion

Câu 44: What might the main objective of television be?

- A. To get people away from their work.
- B. To waste time.
- C. To allow much time for many people to watch it.
- D. To get people away from their free time.

Câu 45: How often are the sitcoms and soap operas shown on TV?

- A. Usually.
- B. Never.
- C. Rarely.
- D. Sometimes.

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi ô trống từ 46 đến 50

Most people think of computers as very modern inventions, products of our new technological age. But actually the idea for a computer had been worked out over two centuries ago by a man (46)_____ Charles Babbage. Babbage was born in 1791 and grew up to be a brilliant mathematician. He drew up plans for several calculating machines which he called "engines". But despite the fact that he (47)_____ building some of these, he never finished any of them. Over the years people have argued (48) _____ his machines would ever work. Recently, however, the Science Museum in London has finished building ([<4>]) _____ engine based on one of Babbage's designs. ([<5>]) _____ has taken six years to complete and more than four thousand parts have been specially made.

Whether it works or not, the machine will be on show at a special exhibition in the Science Museum to remind people of Babbage's work.

- Câu 46:** A. written B. recognized C. called D. known
- Câu 47:** A. missed B. started C. wanted D. made
- Câu 48:** A. whether B. why C. though D. until
- Câu 49:** A. that B. some C. an D. the
- Câu 50:** A. One B. It C. He D. They

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