

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 1 đến 5.

Charles Dickens is a famous English storywriter. His name was famous in the writing world in the 19th century. He combined great writing with the ability to write popular stories full of interesting characters. His books are mostly about life in England in the 19th century and often describe the very difficult and uncomfortable conditions in which poor people lived. Most of his books, which contain humorous characters with unusual names, have also delighted children all over the world.

Charles Dickens did not have a happy childhood. When he was young, his family was very poor and got deep into debt. Little Charles therefore had to work very hard. He earned money to support himself by working in a shoe polish factory. Charles Dickens was very ambitious. He was determined to succeed in life. He had a great love for writing. He started writing novels in the 1830s. His early novels were written in parts for magazines published each week or each month. His novels soon became very popular throughout England.

Câu 1: Charles Dickens' books are mostly about _____.

- A. civil wars in modern England
- B. the environment in England in the 19th century
- C. life in England in the 19th century
- D. his adventures around England

Câu 2: When young, Charles Dickens had to work very hard because _____.

- A. he had a happy childhood
- B. he wanted to be rich
- C. his family was very poor
- D. he liked working

Câu 3: Charles Dickens' childhood was _____.

- A. unhappy
- B. happy
- C. beautiful
- D. perfect

Câu 4: Charles Dickens wrote his _____ in the 1830s.

- A. short stories
- B. magazine articles
- C. unusual names
- D. early novels

Câu 5: According to the passage, Charles Dickens loved _____.

- A. reading
- B. writing
- C. selling stories
- D. polishing shoes

Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

Câu 6: "Have you heard anything about Tom? I haven't seen him _____."

- A. lately
- B. latest
- C. later
- D. late

Câu 7: My _____ pastime is going dancing with my friends.

- A. favourable
- B. favourite
- C. favour
- D. favoured

Câu 8: Michael: "It's hot in here."

Tom: " _____ I open the window?"

- A. Shall
- B. Did
- C. Would
- D. Do

Câu 9: Dave _____ his homework when his mother came home.

- A. was doing
- B. is doing
- C. did
- D. has done

Câu 10: That's the man _____ house we have rented.

- A. whose
- B. who
- C. whom
- D. that

Câu 11: The farmers are busy: they _____ for the next crop.

- A. were preparing
- B. have prepared
- C. are preparing
- D. prepare

- Câu 12:** If you have any _____ in doing the job, please let me know.
 A. ease B. effort C. matter D. difficulty
- Câu 13:** The teacher advises the children _____ and see the dentist regularly.
 A. to go B. going C. go D. went
- Câu 14:** The parks in our city are _____ peaceful islands in the middle of a stormy sea.
 A. likely B. similar C. alike D. like
- Câu 15:** After a hard working day, Peter felt so _____ that he went to bed early.
 A. tiredly B. tire C. tiring D. tired
- Câu 16:** Mary wants to change her job because she is _____ with doing the same things every day.
 A. bored B. fed C. tired D. excited
- Câu 17:** John has to live on his _____ benefits because he doesn't have a job.
 A. unemployed B. employment C. unemployment D. employer
- Câu 18:** I promise I will wait _____ you come.
 A. without B. despite C. for D. until
- Câu 19:** His lecture was so _____ that few students could understand it.
 A. exciting B. interesting C. simple D. difficult
- Câu 20:** Hurry up! We don't have _____ time.
 A. much B. many C. little D. few
- Câu 21:** You will miss the last bus to school _____ you leave now.
 A. until B. unless C. while D. till
- Câu 22:** Remember _____ the door before you leave.
 A. lock B. locking C. locked D. to lock
- Câu 23:** Kim: "Have you ever been abroad?"
 Tommy: "_____."
 A. No, I don't B. Yes, I have C. Yes, I do D. No, I didn't
- Câu 24:** Physical _____ are good for our health.
 A. acts B. activities C. actions D. activists
- Câu 25:** _____ everyone tried hard, we lost the game.
 A. Although B. However C. Therefore D. If
- Câu 26:** The city museum is exhibiting some pictures _____ belonged to the last Emperor.
 A. who B. which C. when D. whose
- Câu 27:** If bacteria stopped working, life on earth would come to a(n) _____.
 A. end B. finish C. disappearance D. extinction
- Câu 28:** My friend _____ me that he was going to take a driving test.
 A. told B. said C. talked D. spoke
- Câu 29:** I _____ her again since her last birthday.
 A. will not meet B. don't meet C. am not meeting D. haven't met
- Câu 30:** Peter used to _____ swimming every Friday when he was a student.
 A. goes B. going C. went D. go

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các câu sau trở thành chính xác.

Câu 31: Did you use to cry for candies when you was a little girl?
 A B C D

Câu 32: I am very fond with jogging every morning.
 A B C D

Câu 33: Your new bicycle is more cheap than John's.
 A B C D

Câu 34: Would you like to have another cups of coffee?
 A B C D

Câu 35: My brother hasn't played football for last year.

A B C D

Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

Câu 36: I am very interested _____.

- A. about the information you gave it to me B. in the information you gave me
C. in the information you gave it to me D. about the information you gave me

Câu 37: He went to the department store _____.

- A. buy his mother a new hat B. to buy his mother a new hat
C. bought his mother a new hat D. to buying his mother a new hat

Câu 38: This is the handbag _____.

- A. whom I bought in Paris B. where in Paris I bought
C. what I bought in Paris D. which I bought in Paris

Câu 39: _____ in 1954 that Ernest Hemingway was awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.

- A. Being B. When was C. It was D. When it was

Câu 40: The suitcase was too heavy _____.

- A. that no one can move B. for anyone to move
C. for anyone moving D. for no one to move

Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 41:** A. pleasure B. least C. bread D. head
Câu 42: A. there B. thank C. they D. these
Câu 43: A. played B. helped C. watched D. cooked
Câu 44: A. show B. know C. cow D. flow
Câu 45: A. chair B. chance C. character D. choose

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 46 đến 50.

The English language is the most widely (46)_____ language in the world. It is used as either first or second language in many countries.

During the 16th century, only about two million people spoke English. All of them lived in what is (47)_____ the United Kingdom. Over the centuries, as a result of various historical events, English has (48)_____ throughout the world. Today, about 400 million people speak English as their (49)_____ language. Most of them live in Australia, Canada, the United Kingdom, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States.

About 100 million people, chiefly living in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, and in many African countries, speak English in addition to their own language. An additional 200 million people in the world probably know (50)_____ least some English. English is really an international language.

- Câu 46:** A. speak B. speaking C. to speak D. spoken
Câu 47: A. tomorrow B. then C. now D. soon
Câu 48: A. become B. come C. gone D. spread
Câu 49: A. creative B. special C. native D. specific
Câu 50: A. in B. for C. at D. on

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