

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 1 đến 5.

The English language is the most widely (1)_____ language in the world. It is used as either first or second language in many countries.

During the 16th century, only about two million people spoke English. All of them lived in what is (2)_____ the United Kingdom. Over the centuries, as a result of various historical events, English has (3)_____ throughout the world. Today, about 400 million people speak English as their (4)_____ language. Most of them live in Australia, Canada, the United Kingdom, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States.

About 100 million people, chiefly living in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, and in many African countries, speak English in addition to their own language. An additional 200 million people in the world probably know (5)_____ least some English. English is really an international language.

- Câu 1:** A. to speak B. spoken C. speak D. speaking
Câu 2: A. then B. soon C. tomorrow D. now
Câu 3: A. come B. become C. gone D. spread
Câu 4: A. specific B. native C. special D. creative
Câu 5: A. on B. at C. in D. for

Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 6:** A. pleasure B. head C. least D. brad
Câu 7: A. chair B. chance C. choose D. character
Câu 8: A. cooked B. watched C. played D. helped
Câu 9: A. know B. cow C. show D. flow
Câu 10: A. they B. there C. thank D. these

Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 11:** Physical _____ are good for our health.
A. activities B. acts C. actions D. activists
Câu 12: If bacteria stopped working, life on earth would come to a(n)_____.
A. finish B. extinction C. disappearance D. end
Câu 13: My _____ pastime is going dancing with my friends.
A. favoured B. favour C. favourable D. favourite
Câu 14: Remember _____ the door before you leave.
A. locked B. lock C. locking D. to lock
Câu 15: Peter used to _____ swimming every Friday when he was a student.
A. go B. went C. goes D. going
Câu 16: His lecture was so _____ that few students could understand it.
A. simple B. exciting C. difficult D. interesting

Câu 17: Michael: "It's hot in here."

Tom: "_____ I open the window?"

- A. Do B. Shall C. Would D. Did

Câu 18: Mary wants to change her job because she is _____ with doing the same things every day.

- A. fed B. tired C. bored D. excited

Câu 19: John has to live on his _____ benefits because he doesn't have a job.

- A. unemployment B. employer C. unemployed D. employment

Câu 20: I _____ her again since her last birthday.

- A. don't meet B. will not meet C. haven't met D. am not meeting

Câu 21: Dave _____ his homework when his mother came home.

- A. was doing B. did C. has done D. is doing

Câu 22: I promise I will wait _____ you come.

- A. for B. without C. despite D. until

Câu 23: "Have you heard anything about Tom? I haven't seen him _____."

- A. late B. latest C. later D. lately

Câu 24: After a hard working day, Peter felt so _____ that he went to bed early.

- A. tired B. tiring C. tiredly D. tire

Câu 25: Kim: "Have you ever been abroad?"

Tommy: "_____."

- A. Yes, I do B. No, I didn't C. No, I don't D. Yes, I have

Câu 26: That's the man _____ house we have rented.

- A. whose B. that C. who D. whom

Câu 27: The farmers are busy: they _____ for the next crop.

- A. were preparing B. are preparing C. prepare D. have prepared

Câu 28: Hurry up! We don't have _____ time.

- A. many B. much C. little D. few

Câu 29: If you have any _____ in doing the job, please let me know.

- A. difficulty B. ease C. effort D. matter

Câu 30: _____ everyone tried hard, we lost the game.

- A. If B. Although C. Therefore D. However

Câu 31: The city museum is exhibiting some pictures _____ belonged to the last Emperor.

- A. which B. when C. who D. whose

Câu 32: The parks in our city are _____ peaceful islands in the middle of a stormy sea.

- A. alike B. similar C. like D. likely

Câu 33: The teacher advises the children _____ and see the dentist regularly.

- A. going B. to go C. go D. went

Câu 34: You will miss the last bus to school _____ you leave now.

- A. until B. while C. till D. unless

Câu 35: My friend _____ me that he was going to take a driving test.

- A. told B. talked C. spoke D. said

Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

Câu 36: _____ in 1954 that Ernest Hemingway was awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.

- A. Being B. It was C. When it was D. When was

Câu 37: I am very interested _____.

- A. in the information you gave it to me B. about the information you gave it to me
C. in the information you gave me D. about the information you gave me

Câu 38: He went to the department store _____.

- A. to buy his mother a new hat B. buy his mother a new hat
C. bought his mother a new hat D. to buying his mother a new hat

Câu 39: The suitcase was too heavy _____.

- A. for no one to move
- B. for anyone to move
- C. for anyone moving
- D. that no one can move

Câu 40: This is the handbag _____.

- A. which I bought in Paris
- B. where in Paris I bought
- C. what I bought in Paris
- D. whom I bought in Paris

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các câu sau trở thành chính xác.

Câu 41: Did you use to cry for candies when you was a little girl?

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 42: I am very fond with jogging every morning.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 43: Your new bicycle is more cheap than John's.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 44: Would you like to have another cups of coffee?

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 45: My brother hasn't played football for last year.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 46 đến 50.

Charles Dickens is a famous English storywriter. His name was famous in the writing world in the 19th century. He combined great writing with the ability to write popular stories full of interesting characters. His books are mostly about life in England in the 19th century and often describe the very difficult and uncomfortable conditions in which poor people lived. Most of his books, which contain humorous characters with unusual names, have also delighted children all over the world.

Charles Dickens did not have a happy childhood. When he was young, his family was very poor and got deep into debt. Little Charles therefore had to work very hard. He earned money to support himself by working in a shoe polish factory. Charles Dickens was very ambitious. He was determined to succeed in life. He had a great love for writing. He started writing novels in the 1830s. His early novels were written in parts for magazines published each week or each month. His novels soon became very popular throughout England.

Câu 46: Charles Dickens' books are mostly about _____.

- A. his adventures around England
- B. the environment in England in the 19th century
- C. civil wars in modern England
- D. life in England in the 19th century

Câu 47: When young, Charles Dickens had to work very hard because _____.

- A. he had a happy childhood
- B. he wanted to be rich
- C. his family was very poor
- D. he liked working

Câu 48: Charles Dickens' childhood was _____.

- A. perfect
- B. beautiful
- C. happy
- D. unhappy

Câu 49: Charles Dickens wrote his _____ in the 1830s.

- A. magazine articles
- B. unusual names
- C. early novels
- D. short stories

Câu 50: According to the passage, Charles Dickens loved _____.

- A. writing
- B. selling stories
- C. polishing shoes
- D. reading

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