

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

Câu 1: If you have any _____ in doing the job, please let me know.

- A. matter B. ease C. effort D. difficulty

Câu 2: You will miss the last bus to school _____ you leave now.

- A. while B. unless C. till D. until

Câu 3: Peter used to _____ swimming every Friday when he was a student.

- A. goes B. going C. went D. go

Câu 4: If bacteria stopped working, life on earth would come to a(n) _____.

- A. extinction B. disappearance C. finish D. end

Câu 5: His lecture was so _____ that few students could understand it.

- A. exciting B. interesting C. simple D. difficult

Câu 6: Remember _____ the door before you leave.

- A. lock B. locking C. locked D. to lock

Câu 7: The teacher advises the children _____ and see the dentist regularly.

- A. go B. to go C. going D. went

Câu 8: Mary wants to change her job because she is _____ with doing the same things every day.

- A. tired B. excited C. fed D. bored

Câu 9: _____ everyone tried hard, we lost the game.

- A. Although B. However C. Therefore D. If

Câu 10: John has to live on his _____ benefits because he doesn't have a job.

- A. employer B. unemployed C. unemployment D. employment

Câu 11: The parks in our city are _____ peaceful islands in the middle of a stormy sea.

- A. similar B. likely C. like D. alike

Câu 12: I _____ her again since her last birthday.

- A. am not meeting B. haven't met C. will not meet D. don't meet

Câu 13: My _____ pastime is going dancing with my friends.

- A. favourable B. favoured C. favour D. favourite

Câu 14: "Have you heard anything about Tom? I haven't seen him _____."

- A. latest B. late C. lately D. later

Câu 15: After a hard working day, Peter felt so _____ that he went to bed early.

- A. tired B. tiredly C. tiring D. tire

Câu 16: Kim: "Have you ever been abroad?"

Tommy: "_____."

- A. Yes, I do B. Yes, I have C. No, I don't D. No, I didn't

Câu 17: I promise I will wait _____ you come.

- A. for B. without C. until D. despite

Câu 18: Dave _____ his homework when his mother came home.

- A. has done B. was doing C. did D. is doing

Câu 19: Michael: "It's hot in here."

Tom: "_____ I open the window?"

- A. Do B. Shall C. Would D. Did

Câu 20: My friend _____ me that he was going to take a driving test.

- A. talked B. said C. told D. spoke

Câu 21: The farmers are busy: they _____ for the next crop.

- A. were preparing B. prepare C. have prepared D. are preparing

Câu 22: Physical _____ are good for our health.

- A. acts B. actions C. activists D. activities

Câu 23: The city museum is exhibiting some pictures _____ belonged to the last Emperor.

- A. who B. which C. when D. whose

Câu 24: That's the man _____ house we have rented.

- A. whose B. that C. who D. whom

Câu 25: Hurry up! We don't have _____ time.

- A. much B. little C. many D. few

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các câu sau trở thành chính xác.

Câu 26: My brother hasn't played football for last year.

- A B C D

Câu 27: I am very fond with jogging every morning.

- A B C D

Câu 28: Would you like to have another cups of coffee?

- A B C D

Câu 29: Did you use to cry for candies when you was a little girl?

- A B C D

Câu 30: Your new bicycle is more cheap than John's.

- A B C D

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 31 đến 35.

Charles Dickens is a famous English storywriter. His name was famous in the writing world in the 19th century. He combined great writing with the ability to write popular stories full of interesting characters. His books are mostly about life in England in the 19th century and often describe the very difficult and uncomfortable conditions in which poor people lived. Most of his books, which contain humorous characters with unusual names, have also delighted children all over the world.

Charles Dickens did not have a happy childhood. When he was young, his family was very poor and got deep into debt. Little Charles therefore had to work very hard. He earned money to support himself by working in a shoe polish factory. Charles Dickens was very ambitious. He was determined to succeed in life. He had a great love for writing. He started writing novels in the 1830s. His early novels were written in parts for magazines published each week or each month. His novels soon became very popular throughout England.

Câu 31: Charles Dickens' books are mostly about _____.

- A. the environment in England in the 19th century
B. civil wars in modern England
C. life in England in the 19th century
D. his adventures around England

Câu 32: When young, Charles Dickens had to work very hard because _____.

- A. he liked working B. his family was very poor
C. he had a happy childhood D. he wanted to be rich

Câu 33: Charles Dickens' childhood was _____.

- A. unhappy B. beautiful C. happy D. perfect

- Câu 34:** Charles Dickens wrote his _____ in the 1830s.
 A. magazine articles B. short stories C. early novels D. unusual names
- Câu 35:** According to the passage, Charles Dickens loved _____.
 A. selling stories B. reading C. polishing shoes D. writing

Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 36:** The suitcase was too heavy _____.
 A. for no one to move B. that no one can move
 C. for anyone to move D. for anyone moving
- Câu 37:** _____ in 1954 that Ernest Hemingway was awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.
 A. It was B. When it was C. Being D. When was
- Câu 38:** I am very interested _____.
 A. in the information you gave it to me B. in the information you gave me
 C. about the information you gave me D. about the information you gave it to me
- Câu 39:** He went to the department store _____.
 A. bought his mother a new hat B. to buying his mother a new hat
 C. buy his mother a new hat D. to buy his mother a new hat
- Câu 40:** This is the handbag _____.
 A. which I bought in Paris B. where in Paris I bought
 C. whom I bought in Paris D. what I bought in Paris

Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 41:** A. played B. cooked C. watched D. helped
- Câu 42:** A. flow B. cow C. show D. know
- Câu 43:** A. these B. thank C. they D. there
- Câu 44:** A. chair B. choose C. chance D. character
- Câu 45:** A. bread B. head C. pleasure D. least

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 46 đến 50.

The English language is the most widely (46)_____ language in the world. It is used as either first or second language in many countries.

During the 16th century, only about two million people spoke English. All of them lived in what is (47)_____ the United Kingdom. Over the centuries, as a result of various historical events, English has (48)_____ throughout the world. Today, about 400 million people speak English as their (49)_____ language. Most of them live in Australia, Canada, the United Kingdom, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States.

About 100 million people, chiefly living in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, and in many African countries, speak English in addition to their own language. An additional 200 million people in the world probably know (50)_____ least some English. English is really an international language.

- Câu 46:** A. spoken B. to speak C. speak D. speaking
- Câu 47:** A. then B. soon C. now D. tomorrow
- Câu 48:** A. spread B. become C. gone D. come
- Câu 49:** A. native B. creative C. special D. specific
- Câu 50:** A. at B. for C. in D. on

----- HẾT -----