

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các câu sau trở thành chính xác.

Câu 1: I am very fond with jogging every morning.

A B C D

Câu 2: Your new bicycle is more cheap than John's.

A B C D

Câu 3: Would you like to have another cups of coffee?

A B C D

Câu 4: My brother hasn't played football for last year.

A B C D

Câu 5: Did you use to cry for candies when you was a little girl?

A B C D

Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

Câu 6: A. there B. they C. thank D. these

Câu 7: A. least B. head C. bread D. pleasure

Câu 8: A. show B. cow C. flow D. know

Câu 9: A. character B. chair C. chance D. choose

Câu 10: A. cooked B. watched C. helped D. played

Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

Câu 11: I am very interested _____.

- A. in the information you gave me
B. about the information you gave it to me
C. in the information you gave it to me
D. about the information you gave me

Câu 12: The suitcase was too heavy _____.

- A. for anyone to move
B. that no one can move
C. for anyone moving
D. for no one to move

Câu 13: This is the handbag _____.

- A. whom I bought in Paris
B. what I bought in Paris
C. which I bought in Paris
D. where in Paris I bought

Câu 14: _____ in 1954 that Ernest Hemingway was awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.

- A. It was
B. Being
C. When it was
D. When was

Câu 15: He went to the department store _____.

- A. to buying his mother a new hat
B. to buy his mother a new hat
C. bought his mother a new hat
D. buy his mother a new hat

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 16 đến 20.

The English language is the most widely (16)_____ language in the world. It is used as either first or second language in many countries.

During the 16th century, only about two million people spoke English. All of them lived in what is (17)_____ the United Kingdom. Over the centuries, as a result of various historical events, English has (18)_____ throughout the world. Today, about 400 million people speak English as their (19)_____ language. Most of them live in Australia, Canada, the United Kingdom, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States.

About 100 million people, chiefly living in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, and in many African countries, speak English in addition to their own language. An additional 200 million people in the world probably know (20)_____ least some English. English is really an international language.

Câu 16: A. spoken B. to speak C. speak D. speaking

Câu 17: A. now B. tomorrow C. then D. soon

Câu 18: A. spread B. gone C. become D. come

Câu 19: A. creative B. special C. specific D. native

Câu 20: A. for B. in C. on D. at

Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

Câu 21: Dave _____ his homework when his mother came home.

A. has done B. is doing C. was doing D. did

Câu 22: Michael: "It's hot in here."

Tom: " _____ I open the window?"

A. Do B. Shall C. Did D. Would

Câu 23: My friend _____ me that he was going to take a driving test.

A. said B. talked C. spoke D. told

Câu 24: Remember _____ the door before you leave.

A. locked B. to lock C. lock D. locking

Câu 25: I promise I will wait _____ you come.

A. for B. despite C. without D. until

Câu 26: That's the man _____ house we have rented.

A. whom B. who C. whose D. that

Câu 27: Peter used to _____ swimming every Friday when he was a student.

A. going B. go C. goes D. went

Câu 28: The city museum is exhibiting some pictures _____ belonged to the last Emperor.

A. which B. when C. who D. whose

Câu 29: I _____ her again since her last birthday.

A. haven't met B. will not meet C. don't meet D. am not meeting

Câu 30: If bacteria stopped working, life on earth would come to a(n)_____.

A. finish B. disappearance C. end D. extinction

Câu 31: Kim: "Have you ever been abroad?"

Tommy: " _____."

A. No, I don't B. Yes, I have C. Yes, I do D. No, I didn't

Câu 32: "Have you heard anything about Tom? I haven't seen him _____."

A. later B. lately C. late D. latest

Câu 33: Mary wants to change her job because she is _____ with doing the same things every day.

A. fed B. bored C. excited D. tired

Câu 34: If you have any _____ in doing the job, please let me know.

A. difficulty B. matter C. effort D. ease

- Câu 35:** Physical _____ are good for our health.
 A. activists B. actions C. acts D. activities
- Câu 36:** Hurry up! We don't have _____ time.
 A. much B. little C. many D. few
- Câu 37:** John has to live on his _____ benefits because he doesn't have a job.
 A. employment B. employer C. unemployment D. unemployed
- Câu 38:** His lecture was so _____ that few students could understand it.
 A. exciting B. difficult C. simple D. interesting
- Câu 39:** You will miss the last bus to school _____ you leave now.
 A. while B. until C. till D. unless
- Câu 40:** The farmers are busy: they _____ for the next crop.
 A. have prepared B. prepare C. were preparing D. are preparing
- Câu 41:** _____ everyone tried hard, we lost the game.
 A. Therefore B. However C. If D. Although
- Câu 42:** After a hard working day, Peter felt so _____ that he went to bed early.
 A. tiredly B. tiring C. tire D. tired
- Câu 43:** My _____ pastime is going dancing with my friends.
 A. favourite B. favoured C. favour D. favourable
- Câu 44:** The parks in our city are _____ peaceful islands in the middle of a stormy sea.
 A. similar B. likely C. alike D. like
- Câu 45:** The teacher advises the children _____ and see the dentist regularly.
 A. going B. to go C. went D. go

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 46 đến 50.

Charles Dickens is a famous English storywriter. His name was famous in the writing world in the 19th century. He combined great writing with the ability to write popular stories full of interesting characters. His books are mostly about life in England in the 19th century and often describe the very difficult and uncomfortable conditions in which poor people lived. Most of his books, which contain humorous characters with unusual names, have also delighted children all over the world.

Charles Dickens did not have a happy childhood. When he was young, his family was very poor and got deep into debt. Little Charles therefore had to work very hard. He earned money to support himself by working in a shoe polish factory. Charles Dickens was very ambitious. He was determined to succeed in life. He had a great love for writing. He started writing novels in the 1830s. His early novels were written in parts for magazines published each week or each month. His novels soon became very popular throughout England.

- Câu 46:** Charles Dickens' books are mostly about _____.
 A. the environment in England in the 19th century
 B. his adventures around England
 C. life in England in the 19th century
 D. civil wars in modern England
- Câu 47:** When young, Charles Dickens had to work very hard because _____.
 A. he wanted to be rich B. he liked working
 C. his family was very poor D. he had a happy childhood
- Câu 48:** Charles Dickens' childhood was _____.
 A. happy B. unhappy C. beautiful D. perfect
- Câu 49:** Charles Dickens wrote his _____ in the 1830s.
 A. short stories B. unusual names C. magazine articles D. early novels
- Câu 50:** According to the passage, Charles Dickens loved _____.
 A. writing B. polishing shoes C. reading D. selling stories

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