

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 1: A. please                      B. peace                      C. weather                      D. meal  
Câu 2: A. fly                              B. bicycle                      C. multiply                      D. sky  
Câu 3: A. think                              B. father                      C. those                              D. there  
Câu 4: A. laughed                              B. kissed                              C. stopped                              D. closed  
Câu 5: A. town                              B. power                              C. slow                              D. how

Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 6 đến 10.

Driving a car can be expensive. The bicycle, on the other hand, is a cheap form of (6)\_\_\_\_\_ because it doesn't need any fuel. In fact, it costs practically nothing after you've bought it. It also helps keep you fit because you get exercise when you ride it. Another good thing (7)\_\_\_\_\_ a bicycle is that it doesn't pollute the air. If everyone rode bicycles instead of driving cars, we wouldn't be using up the world's oil so quickly.

While the bicycle has these advantages, it has some disadvantages too. It is convenient only for relatively short journeys, (8)\_\_\_\_\_ you can travel quite a long way in comfort in a car. Another problem is that the cyclist is not protected from the weather and gets wet when it rains.

Cycling isn't very nice in heavy traffic (9)\_\_\_\_\_. The best place for a bike ride is a quiet country lane. Main roads and city streets are often so busy that it needs some courage to (10)\_\_\_\_\_ a bike on them.

- Câu 6: A. transport                      B. communication                      C. entertainment                      D. delivery  
Câu 7: A. off                              B. over                              C. about                              D. in  
Câu 8: A. whereas                              B. whenever                              C. wherever                              D. when  
Câu 9: A. too                              B. also                              C. neither                              D. either  
Câu 10: A. operate                              B. run                              C. ride                              D. go

Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các câu sau trở thành chính xác.

Câu 11: The sun is so bright for us to look at directly.

A                      B                              C                      D

Câu 12: Mai often arrives at the office at nine o'clock, but because the storm, she was late this

A                              B                              C                              D

morning.

Câu 13: I'd like to have some informations about the flights to Bangkok tomorrow, please.

A                      B                              C                              D

Câu 14: Despite of his age, he works very hard.

A                      B                              C                              D

Câu 15: He never goes home before he will finish his work.

A                      B                              C                              D

**Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.**

**Câu 16:** Football is thought \_\_\_\_\_ in the world.

- A. is the most popular sport  
B. to play the most popular sport  
C. the most popular sport  
D. to be the most popular sport

**Câu 17:** He went to the library \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in order that borrow a book  
B. to borrowing a book  
C. so that to borrow a book  
D. so as to borrow a book

**Câu 18:** Tom asked me \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. if was I having a good time last weekend  
B. whether I had had a good time last weekend  
C. if would I have a good time last weekend  
D. whether I have had a good time last weekend

**Câu 19:** \_\_\_\_\_, the workers will stop working.

- A. If not working conditions are improved  
B. Unless the working conditions aren't improved  
C. If the working conditions are improved  
D. Unless the working conditions are improved

**Câu 20:** If I had known you would come, \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. I will wait for you  
B. I would have waited for you  
C. I would not have waited for you  
D. I would wait for you

**Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.**

**Câu 21:** \_\_\_\_\_ I came to see her yesterday, she was reading a book.

- A. While  
B. When  
C. After  
D. Before

**Câu 22:** She said that she had been doing her homework \_\_\_\_\_ 8 o'clock.

- A. for  
B. since  
C. about  
D. at

**Câu 23:** The boy \_\_\_\_\_ eyes are brown is my friend.

- A. whose  
B. whom  
C. which  
D. who

**Câu 24:** - "Would you like to have dinner with me?"

- "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, so do I  
B. Yes, I'd love to  
C. I'm very happy  
D. Yes, it is

**Câu 25:** - "How do you do?"

- "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Not too bad.  
B. I'm well. Thank you.  
C. How do you do?  
D. Yeah, OK.

**Câu 26:** The teacher told his students \_\_\_\_\_ laughing.

- A. to stop  
B. stopping  
C. stop  
D. stopped

**Câu 27:** - "I've passed my driving test."

- "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Congratulations!  
B. Do you?  
C. That's a good idea.  
D. It's nice of you to say so.

**Câu 28:** Paul was \_\_\_\_\_ disappointed with his examination results that he didn't smile all week.

- A. enough  
B. so  
C. too  
D. such

**Câu 29:** "Could I have \_\_\_\_\_ more sugar in my coffee, please?"

- A. few  
B. some  
C. many  
D. little

**Câu 30:** Blue \_\_\_\_\_ you. You should wear it more often.

- A. suits  
B. matches  
C. fits  
D. goes

**Câu 31:** I wish you \_\_\_\_\_ to the theatre last night, but you didn't.

- A. would come  
B. had come  
C. was coming  
D. came

**Câu 32:** I'm learning English \_\_\_\_\_ I want to get a better job.

- A. because  
B. therefore  
C. or  
D. but

- Câu 33:** When my father was young, he \_\_\_\_\_ get up early to do the gardening.  
 A. got used to                      B. was used to                      C. used to                      D. use to
- Câu 34:** It is \_\_\_\_\_ to talk about a problem than to solve it.  
 A. more easier                      B. easiest                      C. easier                      D. easy
- Câu 35:** If the weather \_\_\_\_\_ worse, we'll have to cancel our camping trip.  
 A. gets                      B. will get                      C. would get                      D. got
- Câu 36:** He \_\_\_\_\_ in London at the moment.  
 A. is studying                      B. will study                      C. studies                      D. has been studying
- Câu 37:** After she had returned home, she \_\_\_\_\_ herself a good dinner.  
 A. cooked                      B. was cooking                      C. has cooked                      D. would be cooking
- Câu 38:** I'm tired \_\_\_\_\_ hearing your excuses.  
 A. about                      B. off                      C. at                      D. of
- Câu 39:** \_\_\_\_\_ I were you, I would take a taxi to the airport.  
 A. Even if                      B. If                      C. Unless                      D. When
- Câu 40:** After drinking a big bottle of \_\_\_\_\_, he got drunk.  
 A. milk                      B. orange juice                      C. wine                      D. water
- Câu 41:** Ann: " \_\_\_\_\_ where the nearest post office is?"  
 Linda: "Turn left and then turn right."  
 A. Should you show me                      B. Do you tell me  
 C. Will you say me                      D. Could you tell me
- Câu 42:** Hoi An is a tourist \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. attractive                      B. attracted                      C. attract                      D. attraction
- Câu 43:** - "Bye!"  
 - " \_\_\_\_\_."  
 A. See you lately                      B. Meet you again                      C. Thank you                      D. See you later
- Câu 44:** Miss White sang very \_\_\_\_\_ at my birthday party last night.  
 A. beauty                      B. beautiful                      C. beautify                      D. beautifully
- Câu 45:** Because Lan \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast, she isn't hungry now.  
 A. has eaten                      B. ate                      C. eats                      D. was eating

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 46 đến 50.**

People usually sing because they like music or because they feel happy. They express their happiness by singing. When a bird sings, however, its song usually means much more than that the bird is happy. Birds have many reasons for singing. They sing to give information. Their songs are their language.

The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird. It is their way of saying that they are looking for a wife.

Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away. To a bird, his tree or even a branch of a tree is his home. He does not want strangers to come near him, so he sings to warn them.

If a bird cannot sing well, he usually has some other means of giving important information. Some birds dance, spread out their tails or make other signs.

- Câu 46:** People sing because \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. they want to tell a story                      B. they know many songs  
 C. they feel happy                      D. they are good at singing
- Câu 47:** What is one of the main reasons why birds sing?  
 A. They can sing many songs.                      B. They want to give information.  
 C. They are sad.                      D. They are in a bad temper.

**Câu 48:** Which birds sing the most beautiful songs?

- A. Male birds
- B. Female birds
- C. Female birds which attract male birds
- D. Young birds which attract male birds

**Câu 49:** According to the passage, a bird sings \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to warn about the approach of people
- B. to tell other birds to come quickly
- C. to stop sadness
- D. to tell strangers to keep away

**Câu 50:** Most birds usually \_\_\_\_\_ if they cannot sing well.

- A. warn other birds to go away
- B. find a wife
- C. fly in the sky
- D. give information in another way

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