

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 1: A. multiply B. fly C. sky D. bicycle  
Câu 2: A. stopped B. laughed C. kissed D. closed  
Câu 3: A. how B. power C. town D. slow  
Câu 4: A. weather B. peace C. meal D. please  
Câu 5: A. father B. think C. there D. those

Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 6: Football is thought \_\_\_\_\_ in the world.  
A. is the most popular sport B. to play the most popular sport  
C. the most popular sport D. to be the most popular sport
- Câu 7: \_\_\_\_\_, the workers will stop working.  
A. If the working conditions are improved  
B. Unless the working conditions are improved  
C. Unless the working conditions aren't improved  
D. If not working conditions are improved
- Câu 8: Tom asked me \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. whether I have had a good time last weekend B. whether I had had a good time last weekend  
C. if would I have a good time last weekend D. if was I having a good time last weekend
- Câu 9: If I had known you would come, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. I would have waited for you B. I will wait for you  
C. I would wait for you D. I would not have waited for you
- Câu 10: He went to the library \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. so that to borrow a book B. in order that borrow a book  
C. to borrowing a book D. so as to borrow a book

Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 11: "Could I have \_\_\_\_\_ more sugar in my coffee, please?"  
A. many B. little C. few D. some
- Câu 12: He \_\_\_\_\_ in London at the moment.  
A. is studying B. has been studying C. will study D. studies
- Câu 13: Ann: "\_\_\_\_\_ where the nearest post office is?"  
Linda: "Turn left and then turn right."  
A. Could you tell me B. Should you show me  
C. Do you tell me D. Will you say me
- Câu 14: \_\_\_\_\_ I came to see her yesterday, she was reading a book.  
A. Before B. While C. After D. When
- Câu 15: I wish you \_\_\_\_\_ to the theatre last night, but you didn't.  
A. came B. had come C. would come D. was coming

**Câu 16:** - “How do you do?”

- “\_\_\_\_\_”

- A. Yeah, OK. B. Not too bad.  
C. How do you do? D. I’m well. Thank you.

**Câu 17:** If the weather \_\_\_\_\_ worse, we’ll have to cancel our camping trip.

- A. would get B. gets C. got D. will get

**Câu 18:** Paul was \_\_\_\_\_ disappointed with his examination results that he didn’t smile all week.

- A. such B. enough C. so D. too

**Câu 19:** When my father was young, he \_\_\_\_\_ get up early to do the gardening.

- A. use to B. was used to C. got used to D. used to

**Câu 20:** I’m learning English \_\_\_\_\_ I want to get a better job.

- A. but B. therefore C. because D. or

**Câu 21:** The boy \_\_\_\_\_ eyes are brown is my friend.

- A. which B. whose C. who D. whom

**Câu 22:** She said that she had been doing her homework \_\_\_\_\_ 8 o’clock.

- A. at B. for C. about D. since

**Câu 23:** Because Lan \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast, she isn’t hungry now.

- A. ate B. has eaten C. was eating D. eats

**Câu 24:** \_\_\_\_\_ I were you, I would take a taxi to the airport.

- A. If B. Unless C. Even if D. When

**Câu 25:** - “Bye!”

- “\_\_\_\_\_.”

- A. See you lately B. See you later C. Thank you D. Meet you again

**Câu 26:** After drinking a big bottle of \_\_\_\_\_, he got drunk.

- A. wine B. milk C. water D. orange juice

**Câu 27:** Hoi An is a tourist \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. attractive B. attract C. attraction D. attracted

**Câu 28:** The teacher told his students \_\_\_\_\_ laughing.

- A. to stop B. stopping C. stopped D. stop

**Câu 29:** After she had returned home, she \_\_\_\_\_ herself a good dinner.

- A. was cooking B. would be cooking C. cooked D. has cooked

**Câu 30:** - “I’ve passed my driving test.”

- “\_\_\_\_\_”

- A. Do you? B. It’s nice of you to say so.  
C. That’s a good idea. D. Congratulations!

**Câu 31:** Miss White sang very \_\_\_\_\_ at my birthday party last night.

- A. beauty B. beautiful C. beautifully D. beautify

**Câu 32:** Blue \_\_\_\_\_ you. You should wear it more often.

- A. fits B. suits C. goes D. matches

**Câu 33:** - “Would you like to have dinner with me?”

- “\_\_\_\_\_.”

- A. Yes, I’d love to B. I’m very happy C. Yes, it is D. Yes, so do I

**Câu 34:** I’m tired \_\_\_\_\_ hearing your excuses.

- A. of B. at C. off D. about

**Câu 35:** It is \_\_\_\_\_ to talk about a problem than to solve it.

- A. easier B. easiest C. easy D. more easier

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 36 đến 40.**

People usually sing because they like music or because they feel happy. They express their happiness by singing. When a bird sings, however, its song usually means much more than that the bird is happy. Birds have many reasons for singing. They sing to give information. Their songs are their language.

The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird. It is their way of saying that they are looking for a wife.

Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away. To a bird, his tree or even a branch of a tree is his home. He does not want strangers to come near him, so he sings to warn them.

If a bird cannot sing well, he usually has some other means of giving important information. Some birds dance, spread out their tails or make other signs.

**Câu 36:** People sing because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. they know many songs  
B. they want to tell a story  
C. they feel happy  
D. they are good at singing

**Câu 37:** What is one of the main reasons why birds sing?

- A. They are in a bad temper.  
B. They can sing many songs.  
C. They are sad.  
D. They want to give information.

**Câu 38:** Which birds sing the most beautiful songs?

- A. Female birds  
B. Female birds which attract male birds  
C. Young birds which attract male birds  
D. Male birds

**Câu 39:** According to the passage, a bird sings \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to tell other birds to come quickly  
B. to warn about the approach of people  
C. to tell strangers to keep away  
D. to stop sadness

**Câu 40:** Most birds usually \_\_\_\_\_ if they cannot sing well.

- A. find a wife  
B. warn other birds to go away  
C. fly in the sky  
D. give information in another way

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ 41 đến 45.**

Driving a car can be expensive. The bicycle, on the other hand, is a cheap form of (41)\_\_\_\_\_ because it doesn't need any fuel. In fact, it costs practically nothing after you've bought it. It also helps keep you fit because you get exercise when you ride it. Another good thing (42)\_\_\_\_\_ a bicycle is that it doesn't pollute the air. If everyone rode bicycles instead of driving cars, we wouldn't be using up the world's oil so quickly.

While the bicycle has these advantages, it has some disadvantages too. It is convenient only for relatively short journeys, (43)\_\_\_\_\_ you can travel quite a long way in comfort in a car. Another problem is that the cyclist is not protected from the weather and gets wet when it rains.

Cycling isn't very nice in heavy traffic (44)\_\_\_\_\_. The best place for a bike ride is a quiet country lane. Main roads and city streets are often so busy that it needs some courage to (45)\_\_\_\_\_ a bike on them.

**Câu 41:** A. transport                      B. communication      C. entertainment      D. delivery

**Câu 42:** A. in                                      B. over                      C. about                      D. off

**Câu 43:** A. whereas                      B. wherever                      C. when                      D. whenever

**Câu 44:** A. also                                      B. either                      C. too                      D. neither

**Câu 45:** A. go                                      B. ride                      C. operate                      D. run

**Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/ cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các câu sau trở thành chính xác.**

**Câu 46:** Despite of his age, he works very hard.

- A                      B                      C                      D

**Câu 47:** He never goes home before he will finish his work.

A            B                            C            D

**Câu 48:** Mai often arrives at the office at nine o'clock, but because the storm, she was late this morning.

A            B                            C                            D

**Câu 49:** The sun is so bright for us to look at directly.

A            B                            C            D

**Câu 50:** I'd like to have some informations about the flights to Bangkok tomorrow, please.

A            B                            C                            D

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